

## South Pacific Regional Fisheries Management Organisation

Commission of the South Pacific Regional Fisheries Management Organisation 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting of the Commission, Auckland, New Zealand: 28 January - 1 February 2013

#### COMM-01-02

## Status of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of High Seas Fishery Resources in the South Pacific Ocean

- 1. In its capacity as Depositary of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of High Seas Fishery Resources in the South Pacific Ocean, the Government of New Zealand advises that the Convention entered into force on 24 August 2012.
- 2. The following States have ratified, accepted, approved or acceded to the Convention:
  - a. Kingdom of Denmark in respect of the Faroe Islands (Declaration of Approval) – 21.07.2010
  - b. Cook Islands (Instrument of Ratification) 09.02.2011
  - c. Republic of Cuba (Instrument of Ratification) 09.03.2011
  - d. Belize (Instrument of Accession) 10.05.2011
  - e. New Zealand (Instrument of Ratification) 1.06.2011
  - f. European Union (Instrument of Approval) 18.10.2011
  - g. Australia (Instrument of Ratification) 23.03.2012
  - h. Republic of Korea (Instrument of Ratification) 17.04.2012
  - i. Russian Federation (Instrument of Approval) 17.05.2012
  - j. Republic of Chile (Instrument of Ratification) 25.07.2012
- 3. On 24 August, after the entry into force of the Convention, Chinese Taipei deposited an instrument in accordance with Annex IV paragraph 1 of the Convention. The commitment in this instrument became effective on 23 September 2012.
- 4. The Convention was open for signature from 1 February 2010 to 1 February 2012. The following states signed the Convention:
  - a. New Zealand 1.02.2010
  - b. Cook Islands 3.02.2010

18-Jan-13 COMM-01-02

- c. Republic of Chile 23.2.2010
- d. Republic of Colombia 16.3.2010
- e. Republic of Peru 20.4.2010
- f. Kingdom of Denmark in respect of the Faroe Islands 21.07.2010
- g. European Union 26.07.2010
- h. People's Republic of China 19.08.2010
- i. Australia 16.12.2010
- j. Republic of Korea 17.01.2011
- k. Russian Federation 25.01.2011
- I. Republic of Cuba 27.01.2011
- m. United States of America 31.01.2011
- 5. A table summarising the status of the Convention as at 17 January 2013 is annexed.

18-Jan-13 COMM-01-02

# Convention on the Conservation and Management of High Seas Fishery Resources in the South Pacific Ocean

### Status of the Convention, as at 17 January 2013

| COUNTRY  | SIGNATURE  | RATIFICATION/APPROVAL/ACCESSION         | ENTRY INTO<br>FORCE |
|--|------------|---|---------------------|
| Australia                                      | 16/12/2010 | 23/03/2012 (Instrument of Ratification) | 24/08/2012          |
| Belize   |            | 10/05/2011 (Instrument of Accession)    | 24/08/2012          |
| Republic of<br>Chile <sup>i,ii,vi</sup>        | 23/02/2010 | 25/07/2012 (Instrument of Ratification) | 24/08/2012          |
| People's<br>Republic of<br>China               | 19/08/2010 |   |                     |
| Republic of<br>Colombia                        | 16/03/2010 |   |                     |
| Cook Islands                                   | 03/02/2010 | 09/02/2011 (Instrument of Ratification) | 24/08/2012          |
| Republic of<br>Cuba                            | 27/01/2011 | 09/03/2011 (Instrument of Ratification) | 24/08/2012          |
| European<br>Union                              | 26/07/2010 | 18/10/2011 (Instrument of Approval)     | 24/08/2012          |
| Kingdom of Denmark in respect of Faroe Islands | 21/07/2010 | 21/07/2010 (Declaration of Approval)    | 24/08/2012          |
| Republic of<br>Korea                           | 17/01/2011 | 17/04/2012 (Instrument of Ratification) | 24/08/2012          |

COMM-01-02 18-Jan-13

| New Zealand <sup>iii</sup>          | 01/02/2010 | 01/06/2011 (Instrument of Ratification) | 24/08/2012 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---|------------|
| Republic of<br>Peru <sup>iv,v</sup> | 20/04/2010 |   |            |
| Russian<br>Federation               | 25/01/2011 | 17/05/2012 (Instrument of Approval)     | 24/08/2012 |
| United States<br>of America         | 31/01/2011 |   |            |

On 24 August 2012 a representative of Chinese Taipei deposited an instrument in accordance with Annex IV paragraph 1 of the Convention. The commitment in this instrument became effective on 23 September 2012. [Annex IV paragraph 1 provides that after the entry into force of this Convention any Fishing Entity whose vessels fish or intend to fish for fishery resources may, by a written instrument delivered to the Depositary, express its firm commitment to abide by the terms of the Convention and comply with any conservation and management measures adopted pursuant to it.]

On 21 July 2010, the Republic of Chile notified the Depositary of the following in reference to the Republic of Peru's declaration made on signature (20 April 2010): "With respect to [the declaration made by Peru on the occasion of the signing of the Convention], the Government of Chile would like to express that its maritime spaces have been fully delimited by treaties in force and that the abovementioned Convention and the Area of Application embodied in its Article 5 contain the principles and norms of International Law applicable to all Contracting Parties. Any declaration contrary to them is not valid, no opposable to any such Contracting Party."

ii On 16 February 2011 (Note dated 9 February 2011), the Republic of Chile notified the Depositary of the following in reference to the Republic of Peru's notification made on 19 October 2010: "In relation to these declarations, the Republic of Chile reaffirms that its maritime spaces have been established under international law and are fully delimited by treaties in force. Accordingly, there are no such rights or spaces pending of delimitation with other States in the Area of Application of the abovementioned Convention and any declaration contrary to these principles is not valid, no opposable to the Contracting Parties."

iii On ratifying the Convention, New Zealand declared that its ratification extended to Tokelau.

iv On signature, the Republic of Peru made the following declaration (Note dated 29 March 2010): "... ITIhat the establishment of the Convention application area does not prejudge over the rights on maritime areas or maritime zones which are pending of delimitation according to the International Law

18-Jan-13 COMM-01-02

and does not imply its recognition of unilateral decisions taken against the International Law. Likewise, Peru either as a non-Member Party of the 1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea or as non-Member Party of the United Nations Agreement for the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea Relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stock and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, wishes to emphasize that these rules are

applicable while they are part of the International Common Law or under the general principles of the

Law."

On 19 October 2010, Peru sent a notification to the Depositary in respect of its declaration: "... [T]he Government of Peru would like to request to the Honourable Government of New Zealand, as Depositary for the Convention on the Conservation and Management of High Seas Fishery Resources in the South Pacific Ocean, the correction of the text of the Declaration the Government of the Republic of Peru submitted at the time of its signing as follows:

"The Republic of Peru, by virtue of Article 44, declares that the establishment of an area of application for this Convention does not prejudice rights over maritime zones or spaces pending of delimitation in accordance with international law and does not imply recognition of unilateral decisions contrary to international law. Likewise, given that Peru is not a Party to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 and to the Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks of 4 December 1995, Peru wishes to emphasize that these rules are applicable in so far as they are part of customary international law or reflect general principles of law"."

vi On Ratification, Chile made the following declaration (Note dated 14 June 2012): "The State of Chile, in accordance with the provisions of Article 44 reaffirms the provisions of Article 20, paragraph 4 of this Convention, in that, for the establishment of conservation measures or regulation applicable to the entire field of fishery resource will require the express consent of the Contracting Party or Parties that are interested coastal States."