

# 10<sup>TH</sup> MEETING OF THE SPRFMO COMMISSION

Held virtually, 24-28 January 2022

COMM 10 - Obs 01

FAO ABNJ Deep-Sea Fisheries Project Update to SPRFMO COMM10  $_{\it FAO}$ 





# ABNJ Deep-sea Fisheries Project update for the 10<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the SPRFMO Commission

24-28 January 2022

**ABNJ Deep-sea Fisheries Project (2022-2027)** 

Sustainable Fisheries Management and Biodiversity Conservation of Deep-sea Living Marine Resources and Ecosystems in the Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction



#### Introduction/Purpose

The purpose of this paper is to provide an update on the development of the FAO Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction (ABNJ) Deep-sea Fisheries under the Ecosystem Approach (DSF) Project and to seek support from SPRFMO in becoming a project partner.

#### **Background**

The DSF Project (2022-2027) follows on from the ABNJ Deep Sea Project (2014-2019). Information papers and interventions have been submitted to previous SPRFMO meetings<sup>1</sup>. The DSF project's concept note was approved by GEF in June 2020 and is available from FAO<sup>2</sup>. The DSF Project Inception workshop was held on 24 and 26 August 2020<sup>3</sup> and the Validation Workshop on 8 September 2021<sup>4</sup>. The full project document was submitted to the GEF Secretariat on 25 November 2021.

The DSF Project is part of the Common Oceans Programme, which includes four technical projects (DSF Project, Tuna Project, Cross-Sectoral Project and Sargasso Sea Project) as well as an overall Global Coordination Project.

#### **DSF** Project development

The DSF Project is funded by the Global Environmental Facility (GEF).

The Project builds on earlier communication with committed and potential project partners to identify the Project's thematic work areas. These work areas will be implemented through activities funded by the project and through partner in-kind contributions. The project implementation is expected to start in 2022, with a duration of 5 years.

The project is global in scope and will collaborate with and support regional activities that lead to the project's objective:

To ensure that DSF in the ABNJ are managed under an ecosystem approach that maintains demersal fish stocks at levels capable of maximizing their sustainable yields and minimizing impacts on biodiversity, with a focus on data-limited stocks, deepwater sharks and vulnerable marine ecosystems.

The project's Theory of Change summarizes the activities, outputs and outcomes that underpin the project (Annex 1). The successful achievement of the Project's objective will require inputs and support from project partners, in particular the participating RFMOs and industry.

Many aspects of SPRFMO's management, compliance and scientific work support the project's objective (Annex 2). The SPRFMO partner activities outlined in Annex 2 cover general areas of cooperation with the DSF Project and will evolve in line with developments in SPRFMO and the Project.

## Priority activities relevant to the 10th Commission Meeting

During discussions held with SPRFMO during the previous project, during the Inception and Validation workshops, and through email correspondence with the Secretariat, the SPRFMO activities listed in Annex 2 match well to the objectives of the DSF Project.

### Next steps

The DSF Project currently has partnership commitments from five RFMOs (NAFO, NEAFC, GFCM, NPFC, and SEAFO), from the science advisory body ICES, and from the industry groups ICFA and SIODFA. Other potential partners are expected to reach a decision soon.

Continuing from the valuable contributions made by SPRFMO during the last project, we hope that SPRFMO will agree to become a project partner and submit a co-financing letter at its earliest convenience (draft in Annex 3).. The draft co-finance letter includes a suggested co-financing amount. The final amount is to be determined by SPRFMO.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Commission (COMM 7 - Doc10 (via Secretariat)), Scientific Committee (SC8-Obs04, SC9-Doc13 (via Secretariat))

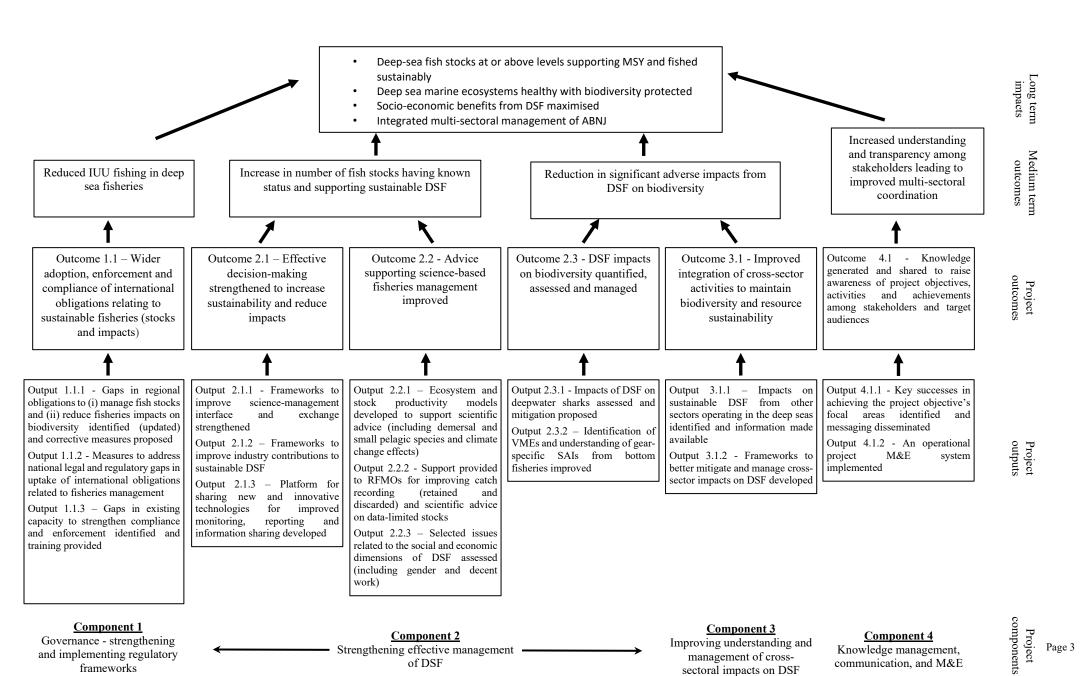
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>DSF Concept Note

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.fao.org/3/cb2909en/cb2909en.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A Report from the Validation Workshop will be available shortly.

sectoral impacts on DSF

#### ANNEX 1. DSF PROJECT THEORY OF CHANGE (VER 10 06 2021)



#### ANNEX 2. DSF PROJECT WORKPLAN AND ACTIVITIES OF RELEVANCE TO SPRFMO

Component 1: Governance -strengthening and implementing regulatory frameworks

Outcome 1.1 – Wider adoption, enforcement and compliance of international obligations relating to sustainable fisheries (stocks and impacts)

<b>Project Outputs</b>	Project Activity	SPRFMO Partner Activity (in kind)
obligations to (i) manage fish stocks and (ii) reduce fisheries impacts on biodiversity identified (updated) and corrective	UNFSA, and other instruments <sup>1</sup> ) in managing fish stocks and reducing impacts in ABNJ, including reference to data-limited and bycatch species.  Workshop and report developed under participatory process.	
address RFMO and national legal and regulatory gaps in	Development of fisheries management self-assessment tools for RFMOs and their member states based on the step-wise guide <sup>2</sup> and unpublished assessments undertaken during GEF-5 based on the DeepFlip Questionairre <sup>3</sup> .  This includes uptake of obligations identified under 1.1.1.  Workshop and report developed under participatory process.  E-learning tool developed by FAO <sup>4</sup> .  Run by project consultant	
capacity to strengthen compliance and	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Provide support to selected and GEF-eligible member states to DSF Project to work with capacity building to implement corrective measures where necessary. Follow-up work from GEF-5 with "Deep flip" survey.  No anticipated contribution from RFMOs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Harrison, J., Lobach, T., Morgera, E. and P. Manoa. 2017. Review and analysis of international legal and policy instruments related to deep-sea fisheries and biodiversity conservation in areas beyond national jurisdiction. FAO, Rome. 94 pp. [Produced by GEF-5 Deep-Sea project]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Harrison, J., Lobach, T., Morgera, E., Diz, D., Kuemlangan, B., Manoa, P. and Hamley, G. 2019. Step-wise guide for the implementation of international legal and policy instruments related to deep-sea fisheries and biodiversity conservation in the areas beyond national jurisdiction. Rome, FAO. [Produced by GEF-5 Deep-Sea project]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Deep sea fisheries legislation reviews based on questionnaires of nine participating states. [Produced by GEF-5 Deep-Sea project]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> FAO elearning Academy

## Component 2: Strengthening effective management of DSF

Outcome 2.1 – Effective decision making strengthened to increase sustainability and reduce impacts

<b>Project Outputs</b>	Project Activity	SPRFMO Partner Activity (in kind)
improve science management interface and exchange strengthened	Run by Project consultant	<ul> <li>References points (target and limit) for stocks.</li> <li>Impacts on ETP spp. under EAF.</li> </ul>
improve industry	new ways if appropriate applicable to the management, compliance, and scientific committees. Including better identification of communication and data sharing strategies. Conclusions discussed at workshop and frameworks developed as appropriate.	Sharing of information frameworks among industry and dsRFMOs (including via delegations)
innovative approache and technologies fo	1 Run by Project consultant	

# 2.2 - Improved advice supporting science-based fisheries management

<b>Project Outputs</b>	Project Activity	SPRFMO Partner Activity (in kind)
models developed and advice generated and tested (including demersal and small pelagic species and climate change effects)	ecosystem and stock productivity models under changing conditions – short, medium and long term implications".  Promote relevant work undertaken by dsRFMOs, including CC	Sharing of relevant work by RFMO management and science committees  Support of the project symposium on ecosystem and stock productivity models
to RFMOs for improving catch recording (retained and discarded) and scientific advice on data- limited stocks	As appropriate, coordinate training workshops, possibly with ICES.	Alfonsino assessment work  Alfonsino data collection  Alfonsino (various areas), (for information purposes: orange roughy (Louisville ridge, NZ straddling stock, Westpac Bank))  Sharing data-collection and assessment methodologies through RFMO reports and access to stock experts  If appropriate, have stock assessments reviewed in an open forum with other RFMOs (focus fisheries are alfonsino and armourhead)
related to the social and economic dimensions of DSF assessed (including gender and decent work)	sustainable management of deep-sea fisheries and EAF.  Perform gender and decent employment analyses as part of the value chain work.  Examine relevance of value chains to work of RFMOs.  Run by Project consultant.	SPRFMO recognise the socio-economic and cultural importance of ABNJ. (see e.g. 2020 Commission report, paras 29 (CI), 144 (NZ), 147 (HSFG)).  Decent work – e.g. security and welfare of observers according to international standards or guidelines (CMM 2020 Art 30.8.d)  Inclusion of social and economic aspects in the EAF Framework (if appropriate).  Selected value chain data collection.  Gender work throughout entire fisheries chain (including management, science and MCS).

# 2.3 - DSF impacts on biodiversity quantified, assessed and managed

<b>Project Outputs</b>	Project Activity	SPRFMO Partner Activity (in kind)
deepwater sharks assessed and mitigated	identification.  Promotion of risk assessment methodologies involving shark distribution, fishing effort distribution (by gear), and catch	Collaboration with project to support this output, including sharing of work undertaken for RFMO meetings.  Consistent with obligations and current work of RFMOs, undertaken deepwater shark stock and impact assessments with RFMOs.  Working jointly with the project, review effectiveness of any mitigation measures to protect deepwater shark species.
impacts of fishing activities on VMEs	including those used in exploratory fisheries, and produce publication entitled "VME identification methodology".  Review implementation of FAO DSF Guidelines (follow-up of Busan meeting in 2010)  Methods to monitor the health of VMEs in closed areas to see if they are changing, either negatively through non-fisheries impacts or positively through recovery.  Improved monitoring and analysis of fishing effort by gear type (essential fundamental requirement to monitoring of fisheries and impacts).  Run by Project consultant.	<ul> <li>across-RFMO initiative.</li> <li>Innovative bottom fishing footprint and 3-tier VME protection/fishing</li> <li>VME ID Guides and data collection</li> <li>Better use of VMS and other supporting methods (COMM8, para 53)</li> <li>Bottom Fishing Impact Assessment in exploratory fisheries – methods to determine</li> </ul>

## Component 3. Improving understanding and management of cross-sectoral impacts on DSF

Outcome 3.1 - Improved integration of cross-sector activities to maintain biodiversity and resource sustainability

<b>Project Outputs</b>	<b>Project Activity</b>	SPRFMO Partner Activity (in kind)
between fisheries and other sectors operating in the deep seas identified and information made available.	Methodologies identified to identify significance of threats (including where identified in similar cases for EEZ fisheries).  Guidance developed on consequences of threats (fisheries	• EBSAs, marine pollution and climate change (SC report 2019, 11.2-11.3).
better mitigate and manage cross-sector impacts on DSF developed.	sectoral marine use (to include all spatial aspects of fisheries including distribution of fishing effort and biodiversity protection measures).  To inform RFMOs on developments in international instruments affecting the use of the ABNJ.  As appropriate, any follow-up work necessary to mitigate the	Improved understanding of the spatial extent of the fished areas  Oil and gas work SC 2020 p. 66 WGESA 2019 p. 120 128 (ATLAS project)

## Component 4. Knowledge management, communication and M&E

Outcome 4.1 Knowledge generated and shared to raise awareness of project objectives, activities and achievements among stakeholders and target audiences

Project Outputs	Project Activity	SPRFMO Partner Activity (in kind)	
achieving the project objective's focal areas identified and messaging		In-kind discussions between Secretariat and project's communications experts on current website design and possibilities for improvement in massaging.	
	Programme level messaging via Global Coordination Project	No inputs	
		RFMO Secretariat to provide annual updates to DSF project on their contributions to the project as specified in the co-financing letter.	

# 3. Template for co-financing letter

Jeffrey Griffin
Senior Coordinator, GEF Unit
Office of Climate Change, Biodiversity and Environment (OCB)
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00153 Rome, ITALY

Date:

<u>Subject</u>: Confirmation of co-financing for the GEF Project 'Deep-sea Fisheries under the Ecosystem Approach' and Project Symbol GCP/GLO/1002/GFF

Dear Mr Griffin,

I have the pleasure to confirm that the South Pacific Regional Fisheries Management Organisation accepts to cofinance the GEF project "Deep-sea Fisheries under the Ecosystem Approach" through our global activities in 2022-2027.

The co-financing will amount to an **in-kind** contribution of **USD 1,500,000** comprising a contribution in staff time of the SPRFMO Secretariat and of SPRFMO's Contracting Parties and other operating expenses devoted to activities supporting the objectives of this project.

The total co-financing contribution to the GEF project will be USD 1,500,000 and the split by component is as follows:

Component	USD Amount	Type of Co- financing
Component 1:		grant
Governance - strengthening and implementing regulatory frameworks	225,000	in-kind
Component 2:		grant
Strengthening effective management of deep sea fisheries	975,000	in-kind
Component 3:		grant
Improving understanding and management of cross-sectoral impacts on deep sea fisheries	225,000	in-kind
Component 4:		grant
Knowledge Management, Communication and Monitoring and Evaluation	75,000	in-kind
Project Management Costs (equal to 5% of the co-		grant
financing)	zero	in-kind

Yours Sincerely,

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