# FAOs work on Deep-sea fisheries and the ABNJ Deep-sea project-Opportunities for collaboration with SPRFMO

Sustainable fisheries management and biodiversity conservation of deep-sea living resources and ecosystems in the ABNJ

Merete Tandstad
Fisheries Resources Officer
FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department

1 st SPRFMO Scientific Committee meeting, La Jolla, California 2013

### The Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction Program

#### **Program objective:**

To promote efficient and sustainable management of fisheries resources and biodiversity conservation in the ABNJ, in accordance with the global targets agreed in international forums.

#### **Project 1:**

Sustainable Management of Tuna Fisheries and Biodiversity Conservation in the ABNJ "Tuna Project"

#### **Project 2:**

Sustainable Fisheries Management & Biodiversity Conservation of Deep-sea Ecosystems in the ABNJ "Deep Seas Project"

#### **Project 3:**

Ocean Partnerships for Sustainable Fisheries and Biodiversity Conservation – Models for Innovation and Reform "OPP"

#### **Project 4:**

Strengthening Global Capacity to effectively manage ABNJ "Capacity Project"



### Project partners

### **Funding:**

US\$ 8.4 million from GEF for 5 years



### **Co-funding**

estimate US\$ 29.4 million

### **GEF Agencies**





#### **Partners:**

#### RFMO/As

SEAFO, NAFO, NEAFC, GFCM, CCAMLR, SIOFA, SPRFMO, (NPFC)

#### **Regional Seas Programmes**

CPPS - Permanent Commission for the South Pacific

The Nairobi Convention

#### **Fishing Industry Coalitions**

SIODFA - Southern Indian Ocean Deepwater Fishers Association

ICFA - International Coalition of Fisheries Associations

#### **Others**

- o UNEP WCMC
- Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity
- IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature
- o BirdLife International
- GOBI Global Oceans Biodiversity Initiative
- CSIRO The Commonwealth
   Scientific and Industrial
   Research Organisation
- Duke University
- States, as interested and appropriate

### Objective & components

### Objective:

To achieve efficiency and sustainability in the use of deep-sea living resources and biodiversity conservation in the ABNJ, through systematic application of ecosystem approach

### **Component 1**

Improved application of policy and legal frameworks

### **Component 2**

Reducing adverse impacts on VMEs and EBSAs

#### **Component 3**

Improved planning and adaptive management for ABNJ deep-sea fisheries

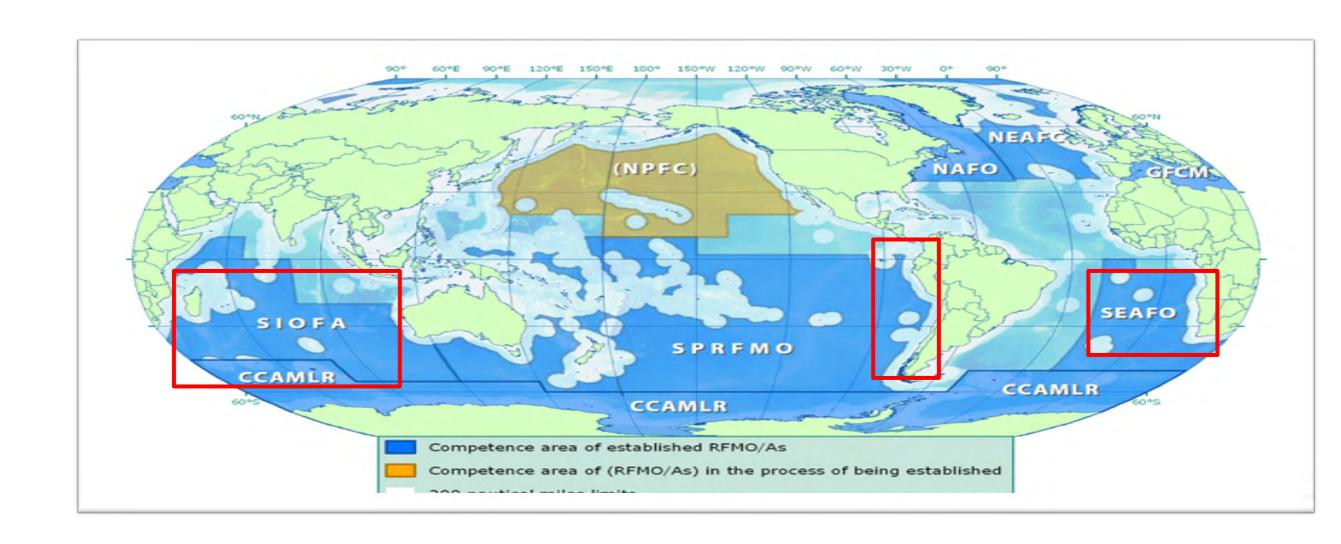
#### **Component 4**

Development and testing of a methodology for area-based planning

**Component 5** Monitoring & Evaluation

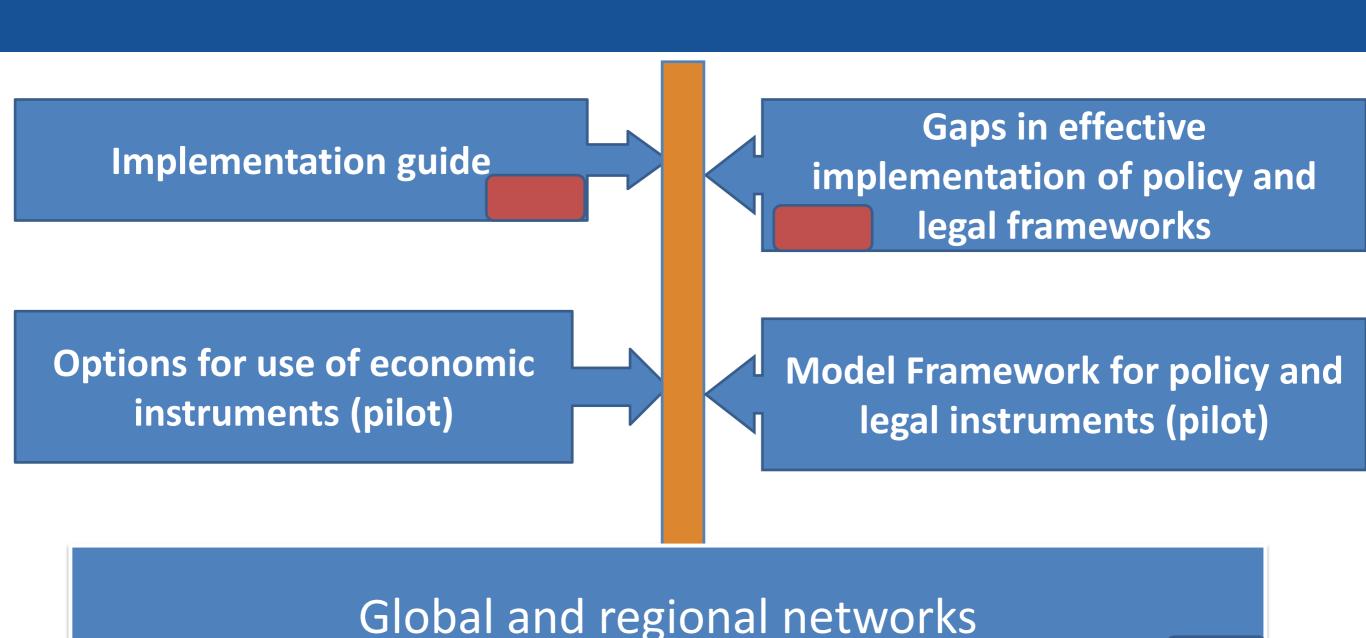


### Deep-sea RFMOs & case study areas





### Legal and Policy Frameworks



Improved application of existing legal and policy instruments and best practices

## Component 1 — Policy and Legal Frameworks

- Conferences and networking
  - Inception meeting, and Busan II
  - Global symposium DEEP SEA 2018
  - Deep-sea scientist networking One day discussions on deep-sea fisheries back-toback with existing conferences /meetings
  - Electronic networks on deep-sea fisheries in general, VME database and EBSAs
    - Fora for SPRFMO and SPRFMO Scientists to build awareness on practices and share information

### VMEs and EBSAs

Biological, ecological and economic analyses

Indicators for species and habitats (VMEs) (pilot)

Improved fishing practices (pilot)

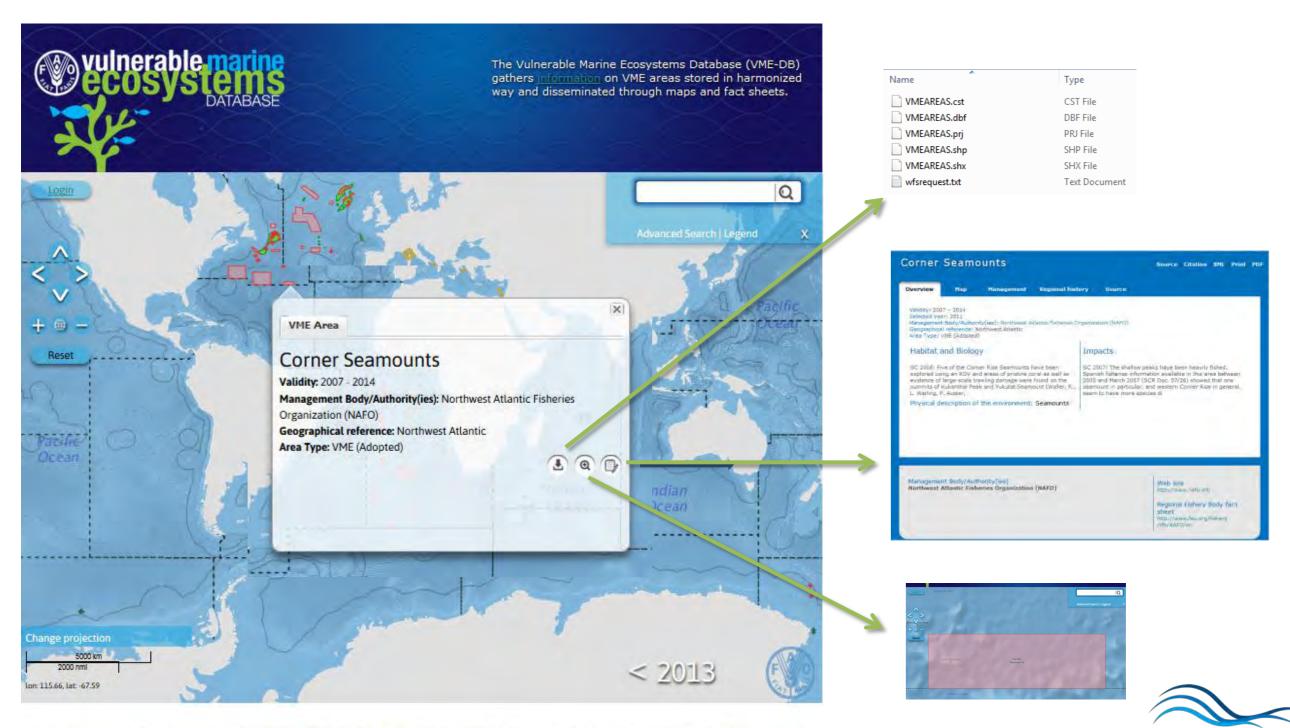
Interactive web databases

Support/training for application of VME and EBSA criteria

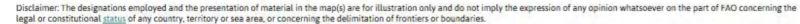
Capacity development at national level for implementation of best practices

Improved application of management tools to reduce threats to VMEs & EBSAs

### The VME Database



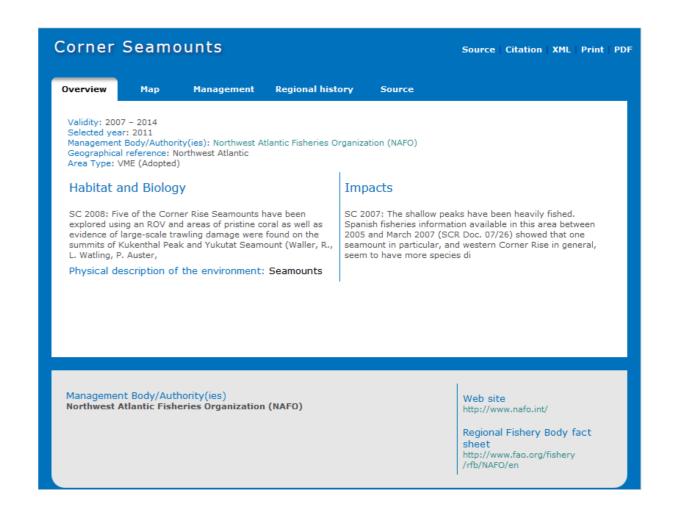
**COMMON OCEANS** 



### Information in VME Database

### For each VME or VME-type area

- Overview of area (habitat, biology, human activities)
- Map
- Information on management both specific to the VME and regional wide VME measures
- Regional History information on the fisheries
- Sources summaries of references to VMEs in the region
- Media any images or other media types from the VME area







The Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems Database (VME-DB) gathers information on VME areas stored in harmonized way and disseminated through maps and fact sheets.







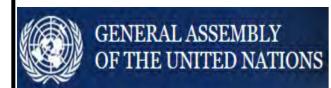








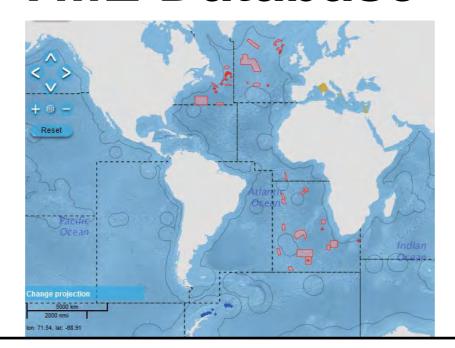
### UNITED NATIONS







### **VME** Database



### Research, Projects

Description

Contacts

Data sharing & repository

**Publications** 

Regional Fisheries Management Organization /Arrangements

### **Species Identification**

Coral Identification Guide NAFO Area

### **Networking and support**

Skippers

Crew

Observers

Managers

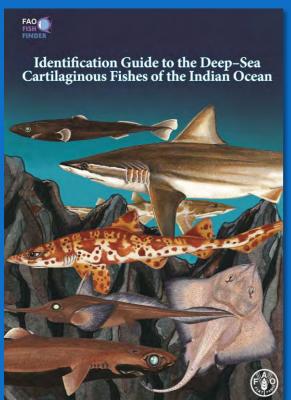
Scientist

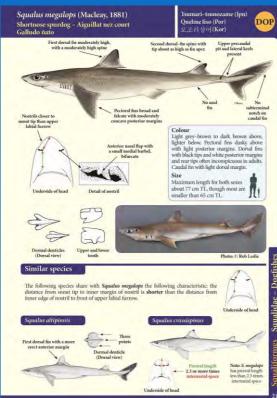


### Regional VME Workshops

- Two workshops organized: Indian ocean and South east Atlantic
- Planned: North Pacific (March 2014)
  - Awareness raising on the DSF guidelines and VMEs in general including associated management measures
  - Information requirements, and possible data sources
  - Shared experiences with other RFMOs
  - VME database and inputs

- Species identification
- Regional Catalogue
- Field Identification guide





The guide is intended to help fishery workers collecting catch data in the field in the identification of the cartilaginous fish species they might encounter. It is conceived to be updatable, offering the possibility to add new species accounts as new species are described. Each species is depicted with a colour illustration and photo, and key distinguishing features of similar–looking species occurring in the same area are highlighted allowing for easy and accurate identification in the field



The Catalogue is aimed at facilitating the species specific identification of deep—sea shark fishes occurring in the Indian Ocean by providing accounts for all orders, families, and genera and fully illustrated keys to taxa

## Component 2 (cont) – VMEs and EBSAs

- Activities for case study areas
  - Indicators for VMEs
  - Applications for collection of biodiversity information
  - Capacity development for VME identification and application of criteria
  - Support for participation and input into conferences (twinning arrangements) and facilitation of fellowship programmes

### Adaptive Management and Planning

Best practices for EAF are adapted to deep sea fisheries in ABNJ

Options for improved management measures

Adaptive management process demonstrated (pilot)

- Risk Analysis and priority setting

Objective-based indicators and reference points (pilot)

MCS Action Plan (pilot)

Planning and management processes for sustainable deep-sea fisheries are improved

## Component 3 – Applying an EAF

- Best practices, methods and tools for comprehensive management planning
  - Global analysis and review of successful practices – Encounter protocols, EIAs, collaboration with scientists / mangers / industry
    - ➤ Operational guidance
  - Workshops to improve knowledge on key deepsea species
  - Monitoring programs and testing of best practice

### Area-based Planning (UNEP)

Adaptation and further development of area-based planning tools

Science-based and policy relevant advice on area-based planning

Testing of area-based planning tools

Knowledge and experience sharing across regions on areabased planning

Area-based planning in ABNJ is incorporated into the regional marine planning processes

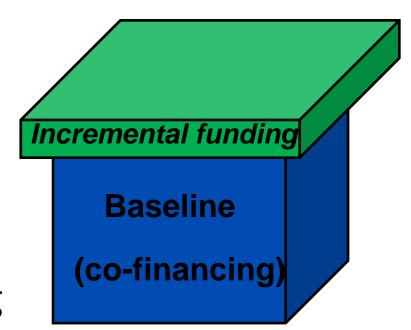
Incorporation of efficient area-based planning tools and good practices

## Potential areas for collaboration by SPRFMO SC in ABNJ Project

- Information, background material and expertise
  - for the sharing of experiences and lessons learned from SPRFMO and its members through the different processes supported by the project.
- Contribute and benefit from lessons learning and networking opportunities
- Partnership or exchanges between deep-sea RFMOs for
- improving data collection and monitoring of fisheries and biodiversity,
- generating mutual benefits for the ABNJ Deep Seas Project and the partners concerned.

### GEF Project Financing

- Baseline is the status quo, made up of all the work being done by all the institutions concerned in respect of a given project;
- GEF can finance the additional costs (or incremental costs) associated with transforming a project with national/local benefits into one with global environmental benefits as well
- The cost of the baseline is the cofinancing





### GEF - Commitment letter

#### SAMPLE LETTER OF COFINANCING COMMITMENT

[on official letterhead]

Date:

To:
Ms. Barbara Cooney
FAO GEF Coordinator
Investment Centre Division
Technical Cooperation Department
FAO
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
00153 Rome, Italy

From: [Name and title, and name of organization]

Dear .....

This is to indicate our commitment to collaborating in the "xxxx" project.

We are pleased to confirm our commitment to provide co-financing in the amount of USD xxxx towards the realization of the objectives of the project over the xxx-year life of the project. This amount will be comprised of US\$ xxxxx in-kind and US\$ xxxxx in cash. (some organizations might provide more detail on the nature of their co-financing – this would be good)

We look forward to be working with the GEF and FAO in addressing this important issue area.

With best regards.

Yours sincerely,

Name and signature

#### RFB ORGANISATIONS LETTER HEAD

8 July 2013

Barbara Cooney,
FAO-GEF Coordination Unit,
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations,
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla,
00153 Rome, Italy

#### Ref: xxxx

Subject: Co-financing letter for the FAO-GEF Project "Sustainable fisheries management and biodiversity conservation of deep-sea living marine resources and ecosystems in the Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction (ABNJ)"

Dear Mrs Cooney,

I hereby confirm that the <u>Regional Fisheries Body</u> (<u>RFB</u>) agrees to provide co-financing for the FAO-GEF Project "Sustainable fisheries management and biodiversity conservation of deep-sea living marine resources and ecosystems in the Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction (ABNJ)".

The <u>RFB</u> support to the project is an in-kind contribution of approximately USD 2.1 million over the period of 2014-2018. Support will be in the form of in-kind contribution for a) staff time for activities, included in the work plan of <u>RFB</u>; b) office space and c) expenses for RFB operations which are of direct relevance to the project.

It is assumed that our participation in the above mentioned programme will not entail any supplementary workload or cost for  $\underline{\text{RFB}}$  beyond those already being carried out to achieve the objectives of our Organisation

<u>RFB</u> reserves the right to not disclose any confidential data without the prior and explicit authorization of the concerned Contracting Party or Cooperating non-Contracting Party.

The in-kind contribution from  $\underline{RFB}$  will be managed by the Secretariat as a contribution to the project components to be implemented in the  $\underline{RFB}$  Area of Competence and to support the participation of  $\underline{RFB}$  in project activities.

The project will keep informed <u>RFB</u> Members on the progress of implementation of the project, through a regular reporting at its annual meetings.

Yours sincerely,

AN Other

RFB Executive Secretary

### Next Steps

Zero Draft of project document (September 2013)



Consultation with RFMOs and other partners
(September-October 2013)



Revised draft document and possible global partners meeting (November 2013)



Start of project (February-March 2014)



Submission to GEF (December 2013)



Collection of commitment (or cofinancing) letters
(September-December 2013)



