

8th MEETING OF THE SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

New Zealand, 3 to 8 October 2020

SC8-SQ01_rev1_clean Squid information held by the Secretariat

Secretariat

1. Introduction

This paper identifies and describes Jumbo flying squid datasets held by the SPRFMO Secretariat, including a comparison between the data in the datasets held by the Secretariat and the data in the FAO data series, and some simple measures of effort (number of vessels and gross tonnage). It is an update to the paper SC7-SQ01, Jumbo flying squid datasets held by the Secretariat, presented to the 7th Scientific Committee meeting in 2019.

The Multiannual SC WorkPlans and CMM 18-2020 requested the development of templates to support stock assessment and to monitor the fishery. These draft templates were presented to the Scientific Committee by China, Chile and the Secretariat and are included here for reference.

- Members are invited to check the catch data contained in Table 1 and 2 and liaise with the Secretariat
 in cases where significant discrepancies exist.
- The SC is invited to recommend that the Secretariat update the Japan and Ecuador catch figures prior to 2014 using the information contained in the FAO database so that SPRFMO has a more complete historical record for Jumbo flying squid captures.
- The SC is invited to note that this paper also now shows the number of vessels (and gross tonnage) for vessels that fished in the squid fishery in the SPRFMO area by flag State and Year.

Regarding the various templates, SC8 is requested to:

- Recommend a "Squid monthly catch and effort" template so that Member provided information can be uploaded into the SPRFMO database from 2021 as envisioned in CMM 18-2020 (Squid).
- Recommend a "Squid jigging observer data" template so that Member provided information can be uploaded into the SPRFMO database from 2021.
- Consider recommending a "Squid biological sampling" template so that information collected in ports (or on reefers) can be submitted and stored within the SPRFMO database.
- Consider the "Squid stock assessment data monthly" template and make any comments or recommendations they deem necessary.
- Consider the "Squid depletion model data" template and make any comments or recommendations they deem necessary.



2. Recommendations from SC7 and COMM 8

Paragraph 3 of <u>CMM 18-2020</u> requires that each Member and CNCP participating in the jumbo flying squid fishery shall collect, verify, and provide all required data to the Executive Secretary, in accordance with CMM 02-2020 (Data Standards) and using the templates prepared by the Secretariat and available on the SPRFMO website, including an annual catch report detailing catches on a monthly basis. The template for the reporting of catch and effort data shall be developed by the Secretariat and submitted to the Scientific Committee and the Commission for consideration at the annual meeting in 2021.

The Multiannual SC WorkPlan has two items related to Observer data collection templates, one to "develop a template to support stock assessment" and a second to "develop a template to monitor the fishery". Both items are on the timeline for 2020, and to be coordinated by China and Chile with support from CALAMASUR and the Secretariat.

Paragraph 237 of the <u>SC7-Report</u> records that the SC requested that the tables of catch currently available on the SPRFMO website are made available as downloadable excel files. The Secretariat agreed to follow up with affected delegations offline to resolve outstanding issues. The data in the tables in this paper have been loaded as an Excel spreadsheet to the SPRFMO SC8 Squid Workstream on the SPRFMO Microsoft Teams site.

3. Annual Catch Data

The annual catch data for Jumbo flying squid beginning in 1990 is shown in Table 1. Updated figures are indicated by an underline. There have been some updates to historic Peru catches primarily due to the identification and estimation of catches from the SPRFMO Area (refer <u>SC7-Doc33</u>).

Where possible catches from 2018 have been updated based on Annual Catches (rather than the estimates presented in SC7-SQ01). Catches from 2019 (when present) are from 2020 Annual Reports.



Table 1: Annual Catch weights (t) for Jumbo flying squid (GIS) as submitted to the SPRFMO Secretariat (post 1990).

| Year ¹ | | Chile | | China | Ecuador | EU | | Japan | | | Korea | | Panama | Peru | ı | Chine: Taipe | | Ukraine | Total |
|-------------------|---------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------|----------------|
| FAO 87 Area | EEZ-CHL | FAO 87 | High Seas | High Seas | FAO87 | High Seas | EEZ- other | FAO87 | High Seas | EEZ- PER | High Seas | FAO87 | High Seas | EEZ-PER | High Seas | FAUA/ | High Seas | FAO87 | |
| 1990 | | | | | | | 0 | | 1 605 | | | 3 465 | | 7 441 | | | | 142 | 12 653 |
| 1991 | | 445 | | | | | 2 173 | | 50 | | | 24 015 | | 20 657 | | | | 398 | <u>47 738</u> |
| 1992 | | 9 400 | | | ??? | | 49 313 | | 1 874 | | | 43 022 | | <u>12 695</u> | | | 1 698 | 1 | <u>118 002</u> |
| 1993 | | 7 442 | | | ??? | | 52 221 | | 3 579 | | | 62 887 | | 7 769 | | | 0 | | 133 897 |
| 1994 | | 205 | | | | | 81 507 | | 2 698 | | | 69 664 | | <u>42 838</u> | | | 0 | | <u>196 912</u> |
| 1995 | | | | | ??? | | 36 478 | | 37 | | | 35 719 | | <u>25 676</u> | | | 0 | | <u>97 909</u> |
| 1996 | | 2 | | | | | 557 | | 644 | | | 12 896 | | 8 138 | | | 0 | | 22 237 |
| 1997 | | | | | | | 12 924 | | 297 | | | 3 359 | | 16 061 | | | 0 | | 32 641 |
| 1998 | | 5 | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | 547 | | | 0 | | 552 |
| 1999 | | 6 | | | | | 6 | | 40 | | | 19 728 | | 54 652 | | | 0 | | 74 431 |
| 2000 | | 9 | | | | | 32 174 | | 1 704 | | | 20 822 | | 53 795 | | | 0 | | 108 504 |
| 2001 | | 3 476 | | 17 770 | | | 71 069 | | 1 132 | 5 797 | 0 | | | 71 834 | | | 0 | | 171 078 |
| 2002 | | 5 589 | | 50 483 | | | 26 268 | | 33 978 | 13 130 | 8 629 | | | 146 390 | | | 12 064 | | 296 531 |
| 2003 | | 15 191 | | 81 000 | | | 22 549 | | 4 510 | 1 681 | 3 041 | | | 153 727 | | | 23 009 | | 304 708 |
| 2004 | | 175 134 | | 205 600 | | | 22 385 | | 4 615 | 2 026 | 8 761 | | | 270 368 | | | 39 450 | | 728 338 |
| 2005 | | 296 953 | | 86 000 | | | | | 1 633 | 2 519 | 0 | | | 291 140 | | | 15 976 | | 694 221 |
| 2006 | | 219 800 | | 62 000 | | | | | 323 | 2 048 | 437 | | | 434 261 | | | 18 349 | | 737 217 |
| 2007 | 124 389 | | | 46 400 | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | | 427 591 | | 14 750 | | | 613 130 |
| 2008 | 145 171 | | | 79 064 | | | | | | 5 971 | 804 | | | 533 414 | | 31 161 | | | 795 585 |
| 2009 | 56 337 | | | 70 000 | | | | | | 7 221 | 0 | | | 411 805 | | 12 319 | | | 557 681 |
| 2010 | 200 428 | | | 142 000 | | | | | 498 | 7 764 | 6 742 | | | 369 822 | | 29 206 | | | 756 460 |
| 2011 | 163 450 | | 45 | 250 000 | | | | | | | 7 410 | | | 404 730 | | | 35 418 | | 861 053 |
| 2012 | 144 956 | | 9 | 261 000 | | | | | | | 8 310 | | | 497 462 | | | 14 177 | | 925 914 |
| 2013 | 105 905 | | 22 | 264 000 | ??? | | | | | | 6 034 | | | 451 061 | | | 7 759 | | 834 780 |
| 2014 | 176 569 | | 0 | 332 523 | 18 140 ² | | | | | | 7 203 | | | 554 882 | 1 274 | | 4 795 | | 1 090 591 |
| 2015 | 143 716 | | 0 | 323 636 | 1 500 | | | | | | 4 263 | | | 513 492 | <u>304</u> | | 10 072 | | 986 911 |
| 2016 | 183 123 | | 0 | 223 300 | | 0.1 | | | | | 4 388 | | 842 | 322 338 | 999 | | 12 989 | | 747 979 |
| 2017 | 155 389 | | 0 | 296 100 | | | | | | | 3 460 | | 289 | 290 933 | 5 067 | | 7 338 | | <u>758 576</u> |
| 2018 | 145 927 | | 0 | 346 200 | | | | | | | 3 651 | | | 317 000 ³ | 288 | | 3 848 | | 816 914 |
| 2019 (est.) | 58 042 | | 0 | 305 700 | <u>1 750</u> | | | | | | <u>5 577</u> | | | | 0 | | 2 085 | | |

2019 figures are estimates from Annual Reports where available. <u>Updated figures have been underlined.</u>

¹ SC6 in 2018 agreed that 1990 is a suitable start year for historic squid data. The Secretariat holds catch data back to 1978.

² Ecuador provided some information in paper <u>SC-03-35</u> in 2015 with an update in <u>SC8-Doc29</u>.

³ This figure is from the Peru PRODUCE datasheet http://ogeiee.produce.gob.pe/index.php/informacion-sectorial/pesca/aucicultura



4. Comparison with Annual Catch figures held by FAO

Table 2 compares the SPRFMO catch data series with an FAO extracted series and highlights observed differences.

Table 2: Comparison (on a percentage basis) of Annual Catch figures (t) for Jumbo flying squid (GIS) submitted to the SPRFMO Secretariat with FAO figures for FAO Area 87. Percentage differences greater than 10% are highlighted (green figures indicate that the SPRFMO figures are larger, orange that they are smaller).

| | Chile | China | Ecuador | Japan | Korea | Panama | Peru | Chinese Taipei | Ukraine | FAO | SPRFMO | Difference |
|------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------------------|---------|-----------|------------------|-------------|
| Year | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | FAO87 | Total | Total | % |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 405 | 12 653 | 25.7 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 739 | 47 738 | 14.7 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 111 082 | 118 003 | 5.9 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 128 789 | 133 898 | 3.8 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 193 634 | 196 912 | 1.7 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96 631 | 97 910 | 1.3 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 125 | 22 237 | 5.0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 666 | 32 641 | 3.0 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 753 | 552 | -26.7 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 517 | 74 432 | 1.2 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -42 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 127 766 | 108 504 | -15.1 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170 523 | 171 078 | 0.3 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 296 531 | 296 531 | 0.0 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 304 707 | 304 708 | 0.0 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 747 526 | 728 339 | -2.6 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 726 241 | 694 221 | -4.4 |
| 2006 | -12 | 0 | -100 | -99 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 805 724 | 737 218 | -8.5 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | -100 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 627 310 | 613 130 | -2.3 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | -100 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 810 892 | 795 585 | -1.9 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 584 953 | 557 682 | -4.7 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -97 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 773 075 | 756 460 | -2.1 |
| 2011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100 | -6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 871 463 | 861 053 | -1.2 |
| 2012 | 0 | 0 | -100 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 927 453 | 925 914 | -0.2 |
| 2013 | 0 | 0 | -100 | 0 | -15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 836 160 | 834 780 | -0.2 |
| 2014 | 0 | 0 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -9 | 0 | 0 | 1 151 713 | <u>1 090 591</u> | <u>-5.3</u> |
| 2015 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | 1 000 908 | <u>986 911</u> | <u>-1.4</u> |
| 2016 | 1 | 0 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 745 413 | <u>747 979</u> | <u>0.3</u> |
| 2017 | 2 | 0 | -100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 760 259 | <u>758 577</u> | <u>-0.2</u> |
| 2018 | 1 | 0 | -100 | 0 | 4 | 0 | -12 | 0 | 0 | 890 630 | 816 914 | <u>-8.3</u> |

Overall, SPRFMO submitted catch figures and FAO catch records have been within 10% of each other. However, since the year 2004, catches for Ecuador and Japan have displayed consistent and significant differences.

Paragraph 13 of the <u>SC7 report</u> records that Ecuador noted that squid fishing in Ecuador is currently done at an artisanal level and is caught as bait for the fishing of large pelagic (tuna, mahi mahi, billfishes), and direct targeting of Squid is low. During SC7 Ecuador undertook to present catch data and biological aspects at future meetings and some additional data was provided in <u>SC8-Doc29</u>.

As requested during SC7, Japan has been contacted regarding its catches in the period 2004 to 2012, but Japan has not provided any updates to the SPRFMO.

5. Vessels

Table 3 shows the number of vessels that fished in the squid fishery in the SPRFMO area by flag State and Year as determined from the Annual Reports. Table 4 shows an estimate of the total Gross Tonnage by Flag state and Year based on the Gross Tonnage in the SPRFMO Record of Vessels for active vessels (determined from official submissions compared with submitted fishing activity and Transhipment data).



Table 3: Number of Active vessels by Flag and Year in the SPRFMO Area (from Annual Reports if available).

| Year | China | Korea | Panama | Peru | Chinese Taipei | Total |
|------|-------|-------|--------|------|-------------------|-------|
| 1990 | | 6 | | | | 6 |
| 1991 | | 24 | | | | 24 |
| 1992 | | 33 | | | | 33 |
| 1993 | | 42 | | | | 42 |
| 1994 | | 49 | | | | 49 |
| 1995 | | 50 | | | | 50 |
| 1996 | | 48 | | | | 48 |
| 1997 | | 27 | | | | 27 |
| 1998 | | | | | | 0 |
| 1999 | | 11 | | | | 11 |
| 2000 | | 14 | | | | 14 |
| 2001 | 22 | 7 | | | | 29 |
| 2002 | 43 | 17 | | | | 60 |
| 2003 | 74 | 5 | | | | 79 |
| 2004 | 119 | 8 | | | | 127 |
| 2005 | 93 | 2 | | | | 95 |
| 2006 | 43 | 1 | | | | 44 |
| 2007 | 37 | | | | 13 | 50 |
| 2008 | 50 | 1 | | | 13 | 64 |
| 2009 | 54 | 1 | | | 13 | 68 |
| 2010 | 104 | 1 | | | 20 | 125 |
| 2011 | 172 | 1 | | | 21 | 194 |
| 2012 | 254 | 6 | | | 14 | 274 |
| 2013 | 205 | 6 | | | 9 | 220 |
| 2014 | 264 | 6 | | 14 | 5 | 289 |
| 2015 | 252 | 2 | | 32 | 9 | 295 |
| 2016 | 276 | 4 | 2 | 98 | 11 | 391 |
| 2017 | 356 | 8 | 1 | 558 | 13 | 936 |
| 2018 | 435 | 17 | | 44 | 14 | 510 |
| 2019 | 503 | 15 | | | 10 | 528 |

Table 4: Total Gross Tonnage of Active vessels by Flag and Year in the SPRFMO Area based on Secretariat data of Active Vessels and Gross Tonnage from Record of Vessels.

| Year | China | Korea | Panama | Peru | Chinese Taipei | Grand Total |
|------|---------|--------|--------|---------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2014 | 177 345 | 3 751 | | Unknown | 4 295 | 185 391 |
| 2015 | 168 516 | 898 | | Unknown | 7 902 | 177 316 |
| 2016 | 196 464 | 2 655 | 434 | Unknown | 9 625 | 209 178 |
| 2017 | 287 731 | 6 131 | 288 | Unknown | 12 282 | 306 432 |
| 2018 | 370 168 | 13 837 | | Unknown | 12 871 | 396 876 |
| 2019 | 425 245 | 13 837 | | | 8 893 | 447 975 |



6. Templates

Five templates were presented at the third web meeting of the Scientific Committee (SC8-Doc06).

- 1) A template (<u>Squid monthly catch and effort</u>) as requested in <u>Paragraph 3 of CMM 18-2020 (Squid)</u> for the provision of annual catch detailing catches on a monthly basis, with both catch and effort (number of vessels and number of days fished) data.
- 2) A template (<u>Squid jigging observer data template</u>) for the provision of Observer data collected on squid jigging vessels including vessel data, trip data, fishing activity data, biological data (mantle length, sex, maturity stage), length frequency data and observed transhipments.
- 3) A template (<u>Squid Biological sampling template</u>) for the provision of Observer biological data (mantle length, sex, maturity stage) collected either in port or at sea from landed or transhipped whole squid, where the date or location of capture may not be known.
- 4) A template (<u>Squid stock assessment data monthly</u>) for the provision of scaled up biological information from Observer data (catch by age and catch by length class) and effort (days for all vessels) to be provided by a Member on a monthly basis.
- 5) A template (<u>Squid Depletion Model Data</u>) for the provision of weekly information by area and "pulse", with catch, mean weight, CPUE and acoustic index.

These templates are available on the SPRFMO SC8 Teams forum, in the Squid channel.